DOI and ORCID integration at the Hungarian Academy of Sciences: Examples from the Research Documentation Centre's social scientific research data repository and the COURAGE project's database on cultural opposition in socialism

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Budapest, September 2017

THOR
BOOTCAMPS

http://project-thor.eu

Institute for Sociology
Centre for Social Sciences • Hungarian Academy of Sciences

mtatkszi

- **DOI and ORCID in these two projects**

- **Archiving and persistent identifier in social sciences and humanities**

- **General questions about type of archiving that is made with PIDs**

COURAGE
connecting collections

**Understanding
the Cultural Heritage of Dissent
in Former Socialist Countries**

http://cultural-opposition.eu/

Centre for Social Sciences
Hungarian Academy of Sciences

mtatk

FF UK

HAS
Research Centre for
the Humanities

UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD

IOS Institute for East and
Southeast European Studies

The Lithuanian
Institute
of History

Trinity College Dublin
Coláiste na Tríonóide, Baile Átha Cliath
The University of Dublin

Instytut Filozofii
i Socjologii PAN

UNIVERSITAS COMENIANA BRATISLAVENSIS · MCMXIX ·

HRVATSKI INSTITUT
ZA POVIJEST

MTA
SZTAKI

UNIVERSITATEA
DIN BUCUREŞTI
VIRTUTE ET SAPIENTIA

We think that culture in Eastern Europe before 1989 meant more than socialist realism and dull propaganda art: at certain times and places **alternative cultural scenes** flourished despite the strict controls of socialist regimes.

We do research that tackles this rich and colourful legacy of cultural opposition in the former socialist countries of Eastern Europe by **exploring and comparing collections** on cultural opposition.

We create the **first digital database** of both online and offline private and public collections in Europe which testify to the survival of various forms of cultural opposition in the former socialist countries.

We show **how these collections work**, what functions they serve in their respective societies, and how they represent their holdings and findings to the national and international public.

- ORCID's usage in different disciplines

- Value of digital humanities online publications

Admin Panel Edit this individual Delete this individual   Verbose property display is **off** | Turn on

Resource URI: http://courage.btk.mta.hu/courage/individual/n7202

Gárdos, Judit   Input Control Manager

| Courage | Illustrations | Notes | Status | Old Courage | Other | View All |

In public registry

Yes ✎ 🗑 ✓

Entry created by (researcher) ⊕

Contributions

test featured item exhibition Featured item (last edited: 2017-06-13)

Hoover Institution Archives Organisation (last edited: 2017-05-31)

Hoover Institution Archives, Operator of Siniavskii, Andrei Papers Operator role (last edited: 2017-02-06)

Editors of the Journal Syntaksis, Creator of content of Siniavskii, Andrei Papers Creator of content role (last edited: 2016-12-16)

Stakeholder role: -- Gipsssz Jakab -- Stakeholder role (last edited: 2016-12-13)

... more

ORCID

http://orcid.org/0000-0003-1612-2216 ✎ 🗑 ✓

Linked Data schema in COURAGE Registry
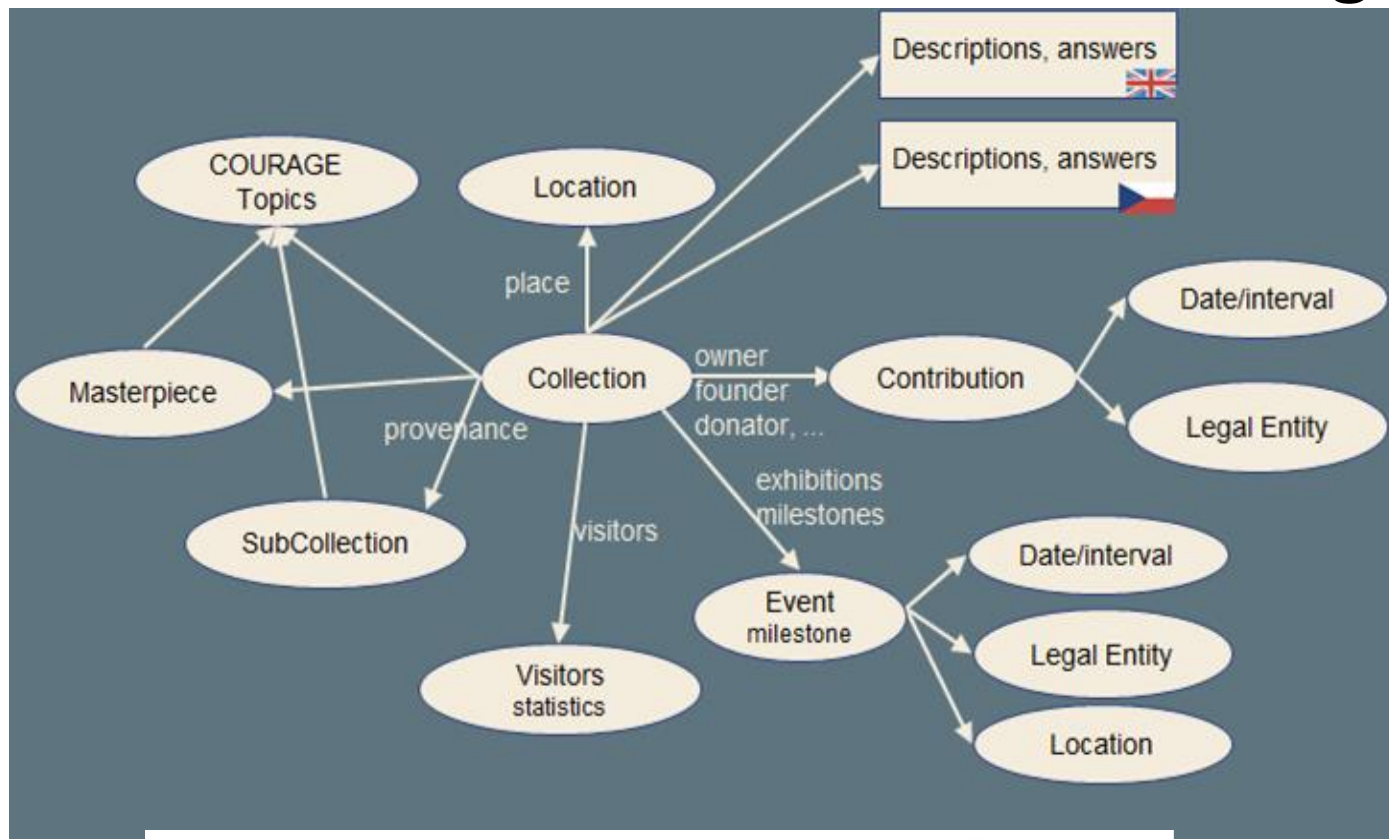
- Both DOI and ORCID
- Connection between the two in exportable xml files
- Goal: enhance findability, identify researcher
- Struggle to introduce ORCID

- Questions re DOI:
  - What should be the entity that should get an own DOI?
    - Collection? Event? Person? Every entity that is a separate linked data entry?
    - Related to definition of valuable scientific work
  - Will such entries in databases be recognized as valuable scientific products? Now or later?

MTA TK ▾ | Search in research projects | About us | Data management | Contact | HU | **EN**

mta**tk**kdk

HAS Centre for Social Sciences
Research Documentation Centre

Search... 🔍

In the HAS CSS RDC you can explore research conducted in the Centre for Social Sciences, you can download whole research collections, research data and documentation.

Data search

RDC repository

- Where can I find research data and documents?
- How can I reach the RDC research collections?
- Recent collections
- News, events
- If you have questions, please contact us!

Latest news

The Research Documentation Centre was named Trusted Repository by the Hungarian Scientific Library

The RDC is the first Hungarian scientific data repository to gain this title.

Continue

How does the RDC curate research data?

The Research Documentation Centre (RDC) at the Centre for Social Sciences (Hungarian Academy of Sciences) documents, archives and makes research collections accessible for re-use. The curation proccess

Items where Division is "Institute for Sociology" and Year is [pin missing: value2]

⬆ Up a level

Export as [ASCII Citation ▼] [Export]

- Institutes (209)
  - **Institute for Sociology** (155)

Group by: **Creators** | Item Type | No Grouping

Jump to: A | D | E | F | G | H | I | J | K | L | M | N | S | T

Number of items at this level: **155**.

A

Acsády, Judit (2012) *Feminizmus fogadtatása Magyarországon.* [Data Collection] Item not available from this repository.

Acsády, Judit (2012) *The Gendered Construction of 'Care' after the Transition in Hungary* [Data Collection] Item not available from this repository.

Albert, Fruzsina (2012) *A 15 és 20 év közötti fiatalok és szüleik társadalmi beágyazottsága és annak hatása a testi-lelki egészségre 2001-2003.* [Data Collection] Item not available from this repository.

Albert, Fruzsina (2012) *Life paths in and out of prison. Opportunities for subjective re-socialization.* [Data Collection] Item availability may be restricted.

+1more...

Anonymous, (2017) *Labeling asylum-seekers.* [Data Collection]

Antal Z., László (2012) *Biztonságos napozás.* [Data Collection] Item not available from this repository.

Antal Z., László (2012) *Klímabarát települések.* [Data Collection] Item not available from this repository.

Antal Z., László and Ferencz, Zoltán (2017) *The risks of strong sunlight and heat, and the possibility of prevention in Hungary* [Data Collection]

Life paths in and out of prison. Opportunities for subjective re-socialization

Albert, Fruzsina (2012) *Life paths in and out of prison. Opportunities for subjective re-socialization.* [Data Collection]

Abstract

A kutatás a magyarországi BV intézményeiben fogvatartottak re-szocializációs aspektusait kívánta megismerni, abból a szemszögből, ahogy maguk a résztvevők látják. A kutatás célja annak feltárása volt, hogy az első alkalommal végrehajtandó szabadságvesztésre ítélt, 30 éven aluli, rövid büntetési tételű (3 évig terjedő) férfiaknak milyen szubjektív esélyei és lehetőségei vannak a civil társadalomba való visszatérésre. Mindezt a létező szocializációs terepek (család, társas viszonyok, munkaerőpiac és társadalmi környezet) kontextusában vizsgálták a kutatók. Kiemelt hangsúlyt helyeztek a vizsgálatban az egyéni attitűdök, motivációk és értelmezések körére, amelyek a reszocializációs folyamatokat segítő és gátló tényezők feltárását segítik elő. A vizsgálat lefolytatásához a résztvevőkkel interjúkat készítettek szabadulásuk előtt 6 hónappal, és szabadulásukat követően szintén 6 hónappal. Ezzel az utánkövetéses vizsgálattal megismerhetővé váltak a résztvevők várakozásainak és a ténylegesen megvalósuló szubjektív élethelyzetüknek értelmezési keretei.

A gyűjtemény az anonimizált interjúkat tartalmazza eredeti illetve atlas.ti programmal feldolgozott változatban. Az anonimizálás leírását a KDK nem nyilvános felületén dokumentáltuk.

The current research study aimed to map the re-socialization potentials of inmates held in Hungarian penal institutions from their own perspectives. The basic goal was to establish that to what degree do first-time offender males under the age of 30 and convicted to a relatively short period of time (up to 3 years) possess subjective chances in relation to their eventually successful reintegration into mainstream society. The topic was examined within the context of the existing venues for socialization – the family, social relations, labor market, and the social environment.

Special attention was being paid to individual attitudes, motivations, and interpretations, which collectively support to shed light on the identification of factors hindering and ushering re-socialization. The research was carried out through personal interviews with the participants six months prior and six moths after their release. Such a follow-up study permitted the gaining of accurate insights on the participants' expectations and the subjective interpretation of their actual life conditions.

The collection contains the anonimised interviews in two versions: one of them the original, the other is processed by atlas.ti. Description of anonimization is available in the KDK.

Request a copy

- One collection, one DOI
- Through Library of HAS, free for RDC
- DOI on every document (where possible)

  - not always on each material, for example books, articles

  - Curators can change content (files, metadata) with a mouseclick → XML provided for DOI will not be symmetrical with the record in registry

Representationalist understanding of science
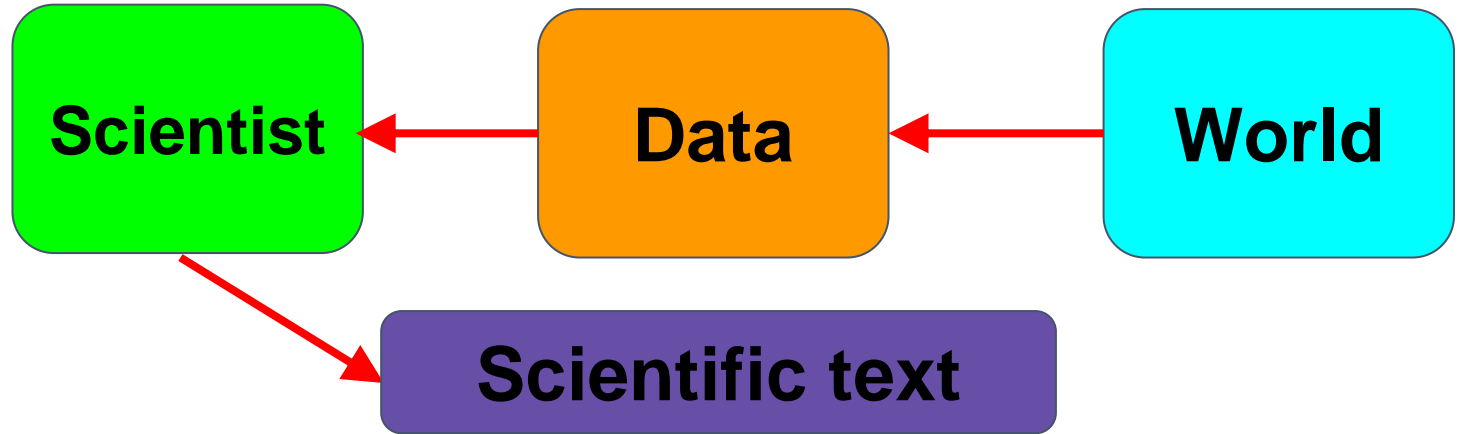
Representationalist understanding of science and archival/repository efforts
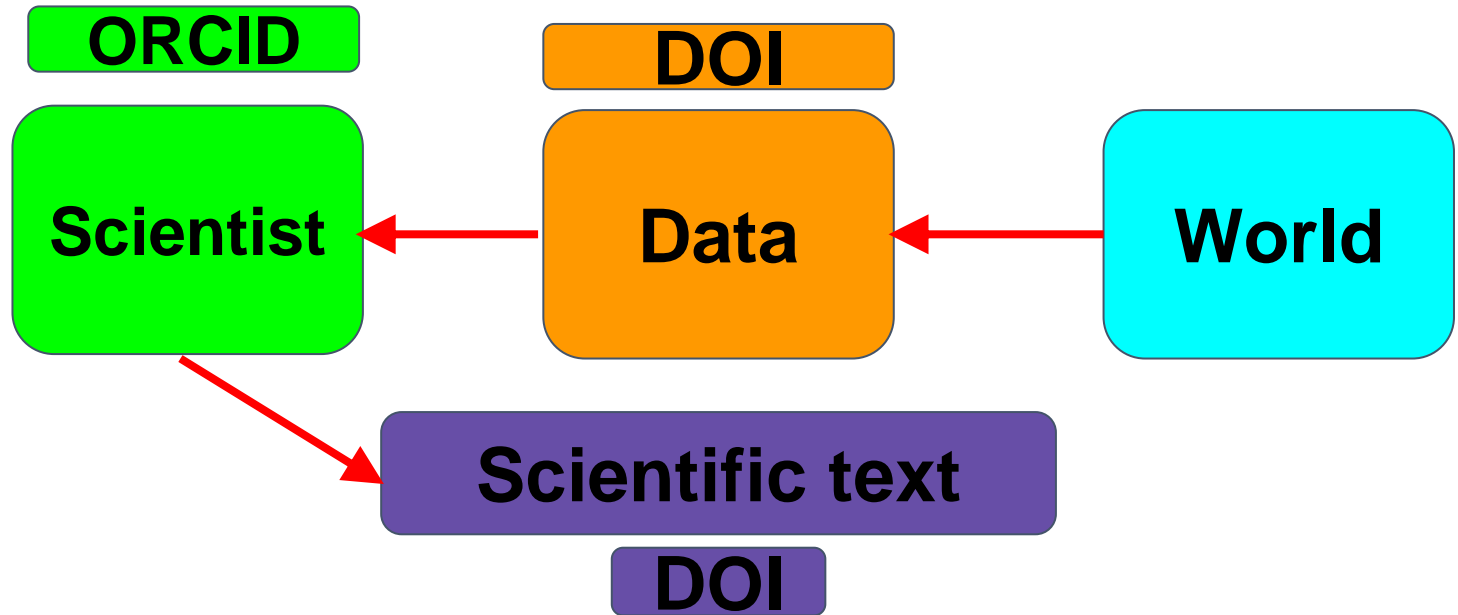
Archive – archiving of what?

"raw" data, variables

derived variables

„cleaned" data

questionnaire

Methodological decisions

Final text

Raw text

Data produced with special software

literature

Other type of archive?

Ontological attributes of a discipline

Curation measures

Methodology

All research materials

Data gathering methods

Decisions of researchers

Scientific field

Analysis

Steps to formulate a text
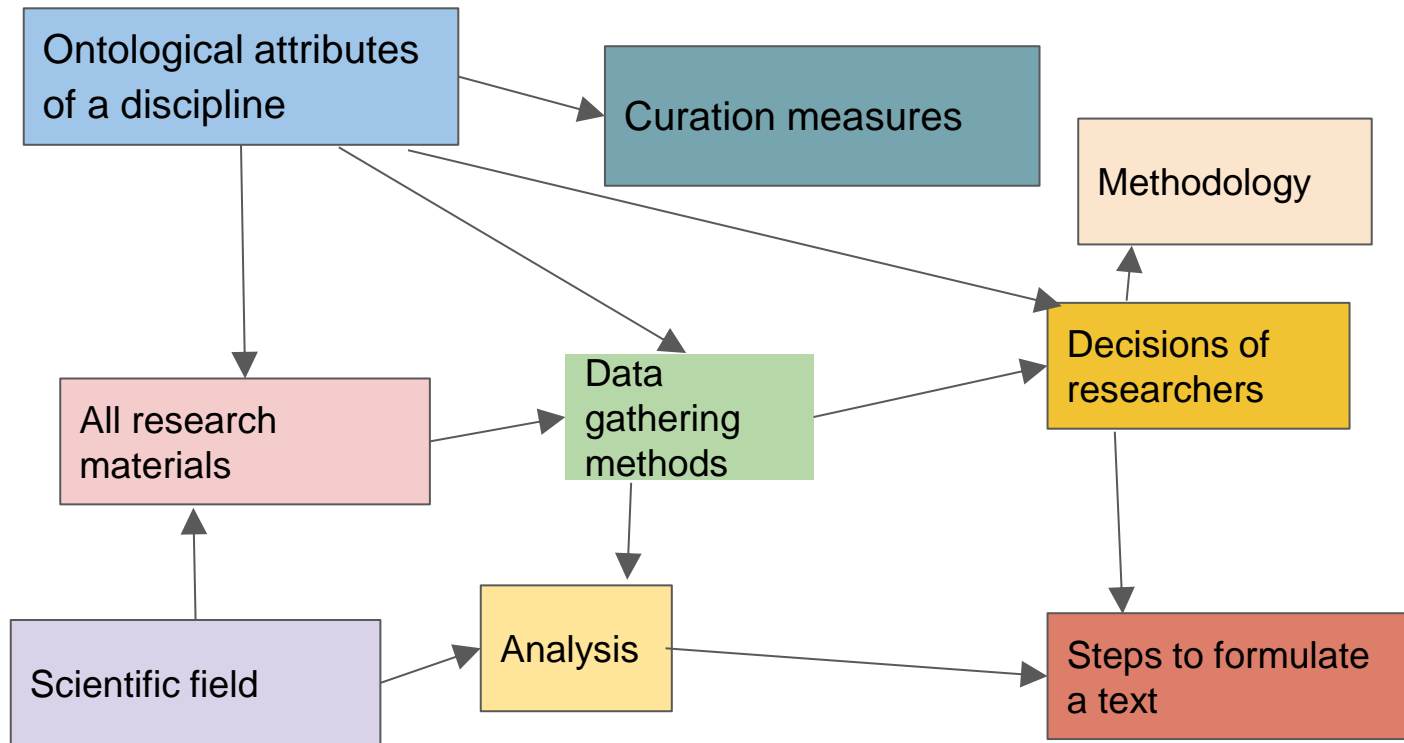
Purpose of social scientific data archiving

- reproducibility
- scientific control of results and methods
- cheap research material
- transparency
- identification

Purpose of social scientific data archiving

- Reproducibility – not (easily/at all) feasible, data not understandable (sometimes to some fellow scientists, at maximum)
- Control of results and methods – we need research whether this is feasible, in different disciplines
- Cheap research material ✓
- Transparency – not feasible
- Identification (with PIDs) – limitations; and if stable, widely used and monopolistic system

DOI – Persistent Identifier? 1.

- XMLs do not necessary reflect the current metadata of the collection

- DOIs do not change, but metadata can – policy of „closing" a digitally editable collection. Research does not stop.

- Linked Data – when is an entity ready for a DOI?

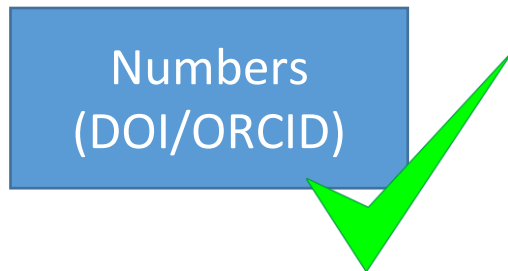# DOI – Persistent Identifier?   2.

What does persistent mean? Persistency of what?

Numbers
(DOI/ORCID)

Thing (Person, Text, Collection, Dataset, …)

Persistency of what?

- Archival and curational practices: changes in datasets, selection of texts, content of collections etc.

Numbers (DOI/ORCID) ✓

Thing (person, text, collection, dataset, metadata ...)

- Would a remedy change actual practices of social sciences and humanities?

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

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Openarchive.tk.mta.hu

- ERCIM (European Research Consortium for Informatics and Mathematics) News 111, October 2017, Special theme: Digital Humanities. https://ercim-news.ercim.eu/en111/special/cultural-opposition-in-former-european-socialist-countries-building-the-courage-registry

- N. Mauthner, J. Gárdos: Archival Practices and the Making of "Memories". *New Review of Information Networking*. DOI: 10.1080/13614576.2015.1114825